



Chatham Financial

Transitioning from IAS 39 to IFRS 9

How ready are you?

Janri Pretorius

*Director – Hedge Accounting Advisory
Chatham Financial Corp.*

Cumbre Latinoamericana de Riesgo Financiero

Transitioning from IAS 39 to IFRS 9

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The joys of hedge accounting

IFRS 9 Snapshot

Classification and Measurement

- Principle-based
- Driven by business model and nature of cash flows
- Own credit gains/losses presented in OCI
- FVOCI measurement category
- Different models for assets and liabilities

Impairment and Expected Credit Losses

- Forward-looking: Move from incurred loss model to expected loss model
- Earlier recognition of expected losses
- Differentiates risk for exposures that have exhibited deterioration (3-stage approach)

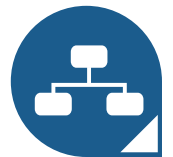
Hedge Accounting

- Closer alignment between risk management and accounting
- Bright line effectiveness tests no longer required
- Ability to designate aggregate exposures
- Ability to designate risk components of non-financial items
- Cost of hedging approach

Key implementation considerations

How will I integrate risk and finance?

- Enterprise-wide impact
- Effective communication – Right hand talking to left hand
- Financial data + Risk data + Macroeconomic data = ??
- Consider single reporting platform overlay
- Proper change and access controls



Key implementation considerations

How will I source necessary data under IFRS 9?

- Not all data easily available
- Establish automated mechanism to collect data
- Leverage off data already reported via regulatory or capital submissions
- Timely data reconciliation



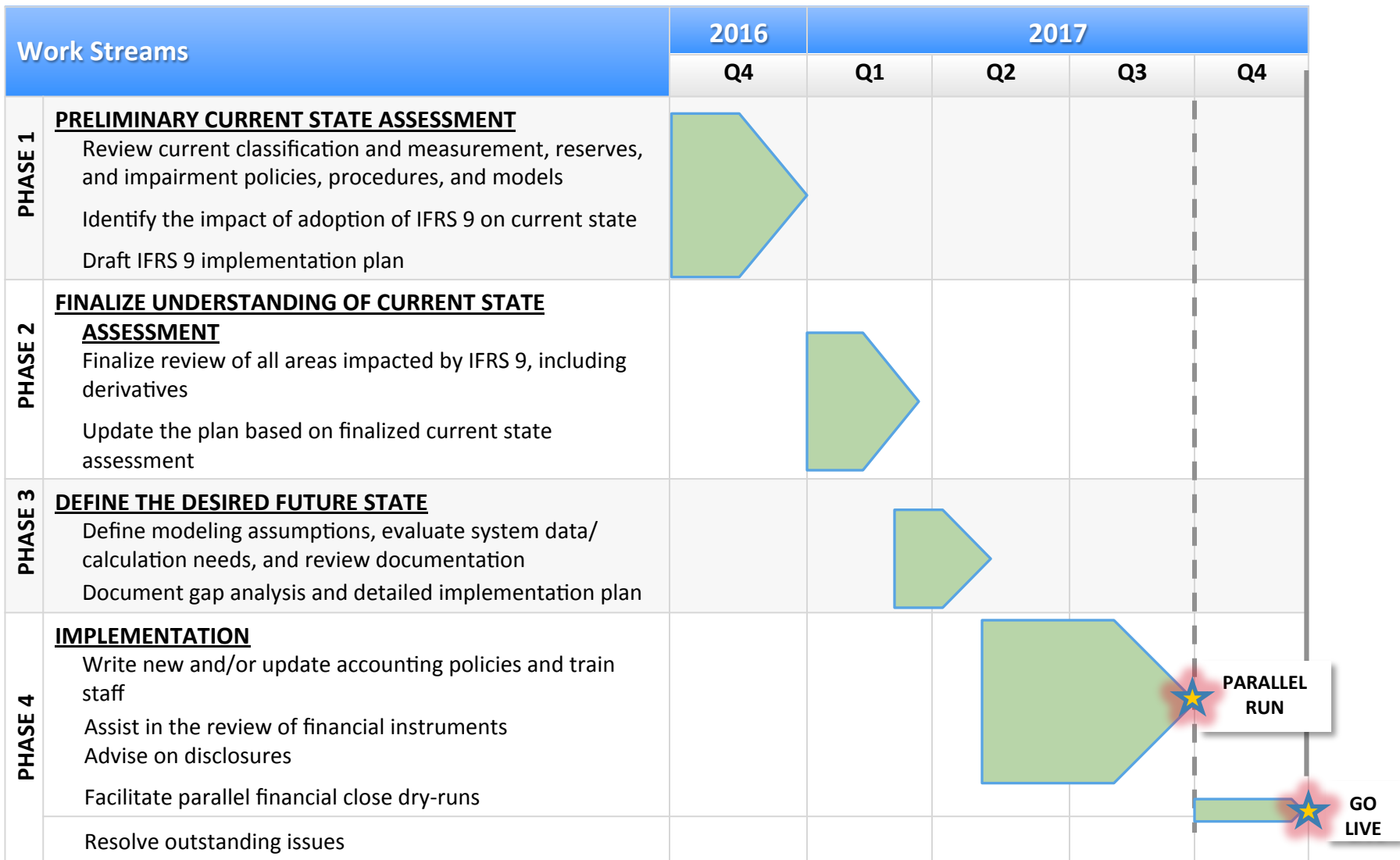
Key implementation considerations

Continuing under the new regime

- Educate the Board and Audit Committee
- Educate and train *all* staff
- Maintain all systems and processes
- Avoid manual solutions as far as possible

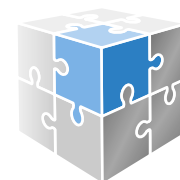


IFRS 9 Transition and Implementation Timeline



Lessons learned

- Early planning
- Adequate man power and capacity allocated
- Buy-in and proper mandate from senior management
- Appropriate staffing of implementation committee
- Do not underestimate the impact of systems
- Timely auditor involvement
- Hedge Accounting



Transition for hedge accounting

Default approach:

Prospective application of IFRS 9 and no restatement or comparative disclosures



Continue hedge accounting if IFRS 9 requirements are met at transition date **after** rebalancing, if applicable.

Exception to default approach:

Retrospective application for risk components of hedging instruments excluded from hedging designation



Time value of options:

- Must be applied retrospectively

Forward points or FX basis spread:

- Policy choice to apply prospectively or retrospectively
- All or none election

Concluding remarks



IFRS 9 Snapshot



Key implementation considerations



Implementation timeline



Lessons learned



The joys of hedge accounting

Chatham Contacts

Lewis Gade

Director, Central America, Caribbean, Mexico

lgade@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 484-731-2754

Luis Torres

Director, South America

ltorres@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 484-731-2755

Arthur Avedisian

Managing Director, Latin America & Caribbean

aavedisian@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 484-731-0249

Clark Maxwell

Chief Operating Officer

cmaxwell@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 484-731-0235

Janri Pretorius

Director, Hedge Accounting Advisory

jpretorius@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 720-746-6545

Juan Enrique Arreola

Hedge Accounting Advisory

jarreola@chathamfinancial.com

T: +1 720-746-6522